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Name: _____
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A hot air balloon is secured to the ground by a 60 m long rope. A gust of wind caused it to veer slightly, creating an 80° angle between the rope and the ground.

Which of the following equations can be used to calculate the altitude of the hot air balloon?

- A)  $a = 60 \sin 80^{\circ}$  B)  $a = 60 \cos 80^{\circ}$
- C)  $a = \frac{60}{\cos 80^{\circ}}$  D)  $a = \frac{60}{\sin 80^{\circ}}$

The teacher asked his students to find the trigonometric ratio to be used to calculate the measurement of angle A in the following right triangle.

Which of the following equations is correct?

A) 
$$\sin A = \frac{b}{c}$$
 B)  $\sin A = \frac{a}{b}$ 

C) 
$$\cos A = \frac{a}{c}$$
 D)  $\cos A = \frac{b}{c}$ 



60 m

80

Triangle RST is right-angled at S. Which of the following expressions defines the ratio of the length of segment ST to the length of segment RS?

A) sin R B) sin S C) cos S D) tan R

3

A crane is transporting a large block of cement.

The crane operator wants to determine the angle of elevation A of the boom.

Which equation can be used to calculate the measure of angle A?

A) 
$$\sin A = \frac{3.75}{6}$$

B) 
$$\cos A = \frac{6}{5}$$

In the figure below, a person situated at point A sees

the top of a building at an angle of elevation of  $25^{\circ}$ .

Height BC of the building is known.

What expression can be used to calculate the distance AB between the person and the building?

A) m  $\overline{BC}$  × tan 25° B) m  $\overline{BC}$  × cos 25°

If you are positioned 42 m from the foot of a building, the

angle of elevation of the top of the building is 30°.

Which equation can be used to calculate the height h of this building?

A)  $h = 42 \sin 30^{\circ}$  C)  $h = 42 \tan 30^{\circ}$ 

B) 
$$h = \frac{42}{\sin 30^{\circ}}$$
 D)  $h = \frac{42}{\tan 30^{\circ}}$ 



6



Which of the following statements is TRUE?

A) 
$$\cos C = \frac{m \overline{BC}}{m \overline{BD}}$$
 C)  $\tan C = \frac{m \overline{BD}}{m \overline{BC}}$ 

B) 
$$\tan A = \frac{m BD}{m \overline{AD}}$$
 D)  $\sin A = \frac{m AD}{m \overline{AC}}$ 

The base of the arm of a crane is 8 metres above the ground. The arm is 10 metres long. Refer to the diagram at right.

If the angle of elevation of the arm is  $39^{\circ}$ , which of the following formulas can be used to calculate the height *h* of the tower?

A)  $h = 10 \sin 39^\circ + 8$  C)  $h = 10 \cos 39^\circ + 8$ 

B) 
$$h = \frac{10}{\sin 39^\circ} + 8$$
 D)  $h = \frac{10}{\cos 39^\circ} + 8$ 





What is the value of sin C in triangle ABC?





Upon leaving her house, Stephanie travelled 18.0 km to the record store. On the way back, she stopped at the day-care centre to pick up her brother. Her route is represented by the following figure:



Which of the following expressions can be used to calculate the distance between the day-care centre and the record store?

A) 
$$\frac{12.4 \sin 20^{\circ}}{\sin 34^{\circ}}$$
  
B)  $\frac{12.4 \sin 34^{\circ}}{\sin 20^{\circ}}$   
C)  $\frac{18.0 \sin 20^{\circ}}{\sin 34^{\circ}}$   
D)  $\frac{18.0 \sin 34^{\circ}}{\sin 126^{\circ}}$ 

9

Given triangle ABC in which angle B measures 15°, angle C measures 45° and side BC measures 6 m.

What is the measure of side AB in metres?

A) 18 C) 
$$3\sqrt{2}$$

 $2\sqrt{6}$  $6\sqrt{2}$ D) B)

Segment BD is the height of triangle ABC below.

Which expression can be used to calculate the measure of segment AC?



A) 
$$a \sin 52^\circ + c \sin 27^\circ$$



C)

12

John lives in Town A and Eric lives in Town B, 4 km away. They both see the same airplane in the sky overhead between the two towns. John sees the airplane at an angle of elevation of 28°. At the same time, Eric sees the airplane at an angle of elevation of 40°.

Which of the following expressions could be used to find the altitude of the airplane, in kilometres?

A) 
$$\frac{4 \sin 28^{\circ} \sin 40^{\circ}}{\sin 112^{\circ}}$$
 C)  $\frac{4 \sin 112^{\circ}}{\sin 28^{\circ} \sin 40^{\circ}}$ 

B) 
$$\frac{4(\sin 28^\circ + \sin 40^\circ)}{\sin 112^\circ}$$
 D)  $\frac{4 \sin 112^\circ}{\sin 28^\circ + \sin 40^\circ}$ 

Peter and Marlene are situated at points P and M respectively to watch a parachutist who is 300 m above the ground. Peter observes the parachutist at an angle of elevation of  $26^{\circ}$  and Marlene observes the parachutist at an angle of elevation of  $32^{\circ}$ .



What expression can be used to solve for the distance *d* between Peter and Marlene?